Name _	
Date _	

Bibliography Writing

A bibliography is a list of sources used in informational writing. It is the last page and lists sources alphabetically by the author's last name. If a reader wants to know where you obtained information, the bibliography shows them.

The first line starts on the margin, but the rest of the lines are indented. A bibliography also requires exact punctuation and must include these five facts, if possible:

- 1. Author last name first, followed by a period (.)
- 2. Title italicized or underlined and followed by a period (.)
- 3. Place of Publication followed by a colon (:)
- 4. Publisher followed by a comma (,)
- 5. **Date of Publication** followed by a period (.)

A. Good Examples:

1. Book with one author

Rinard, Judith E. Dolphins: Facts and Features. New York: Doubleday, 2012.

2. Internet (include as much information as possible)

Smith, Jean. "Wildflowers of America." *The Online Encyclopedia*. www.onlineencyclopedia.com/science (March 2016)

3. Magazine article

Linden, Kristy. "Race Day". Readers Digest. August 20, 2012, p.76-78.

4. Film, Television, Video

Wisst, Brenda; director. Changes of the World. Pacific Video, 2011.

B. Bad Examples:

- 1. John Lassen. Arizona.
- 2. Internet Google.
- 3. Wikipedia. Spiders.
- Write the correct bibliography entry for each.
 - 1. Alice read a book called *Time Flies* written by Traydon Breck in 2014. The book was published in New York by Dulles Press.
 - 2. Klemm found internet material and used it in his state report. It is titled "Nevada Ghost Towns" written by C.J. Thomas for the website *HistoricNevada.com*. The article was published in Spring 2016.
 - 3. Mrs. Fields used information for a presentation from the film *Hooray for Ratios!* Big Shot Entertainment filmed it 2015 in Atlanta, under the direction of Lea Cook.
 - 4. For his class lesson, Mr. Anton used a magazine article called "Whoa, the Sun!" on pages 23-30 from *Science Week Journal*. It was written by Jane Gray and published in March 2017.



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